

BioArctic AB

Gunilla Osswald, PhD, CEO

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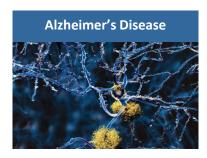
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Helping Patients with Disorders in the Central Nervous System by **Developing Innovative Treatments**

Three key areas with high unmet medical needs – all lacking effective treatments today Disease modifying treatment in AD and PD – huge and growing markets due to aging populations



BAN2401 Phase 2b study in early AD in collaboration with Eisai — first late stage study demonstrating potential disease modifying effect on both cognition and biomarkers



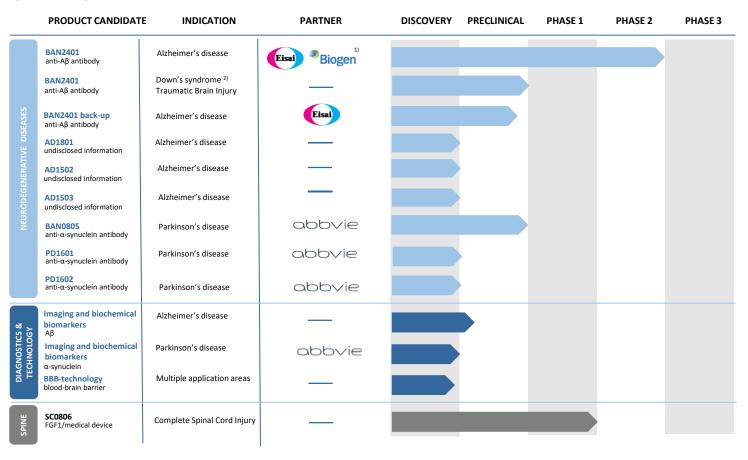
BAN0805 for PD in collaboration with AbbVie — preparing for clinical development in the U.S.



SC0806 a unique regenerative treatment for patients with Complete Spinal Cord Injuries in Phase 1/2



Strategic Partnerships and Cutting-Edge Proprietary R&D per September 30, 2018



¹⁾ Partner with Eisai on BAN2401 for treatment of AD. Since 2014, Eisai partnered with Biogen in AD

Attractive combination of fully financed partner projects and cutting-edge, proprietary R&D pipeline with substantial market and out-licensing potential



²⁾Dementia and cognitive impairment associated with Down's syndrome and Traumatic Brain Injury

Long-standing and Extensive Partnerships

Eisai collaboration and license agreements Alzheimer's Disease



Description of agreements

 Three research collaborations and two licenses for Abeta oligomer/protofibril antibodies BAN2401 and BAN2401 back-up as disease modifying treatments for Alzheimer's disease

Milestone/royalty potential

- Total aggregated value of the research collaborations and license agreements is approx. EUR 218m in signing fee and milestones, plus high single digit royalties
- Received approx. EUR 47m for the research collaborations, signing fees and milestones

AbbVie collaboration agreement Parkinson's Disease

abbyie

Description of agreements

- Research collaboration alpha-synuclein antibodies as disease modifying therapies for PD incl. BAN0805 to IND, follow-up compounds and diagnostic
- Option for AbbVie for a license to develop and commercialize the antibodies

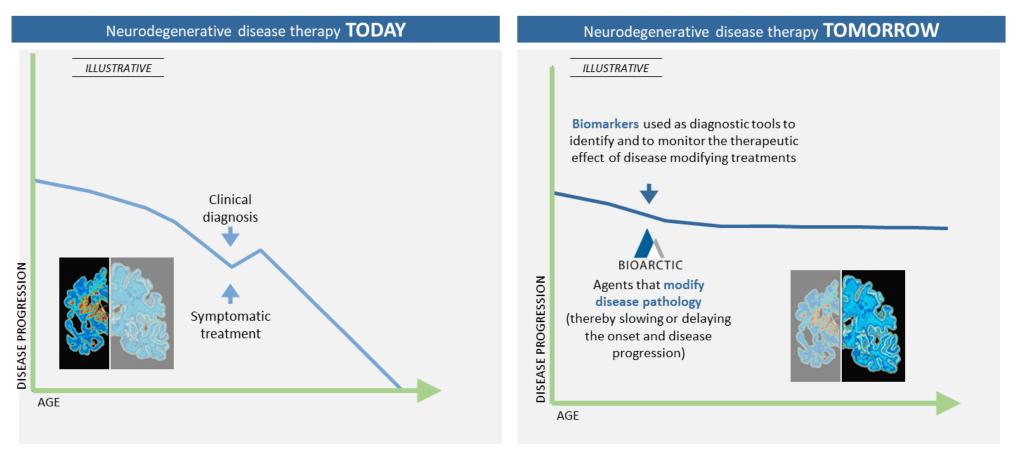
Milestone/royalty potential

- Total pot. value of the agreement up to USD 755m incl. an up-front fee, option exercise fee, and success-based milestones plus tiered royalties
- Received USD 80m upfront payment for the research collaboration
- Payment of USD 50m to be received when exercising option to license, pending US Antitrust legislation clearance



Disease Modifying Agents and Reliable Diagnostics/Biomarkers for **Neurodegenerative Diseases**

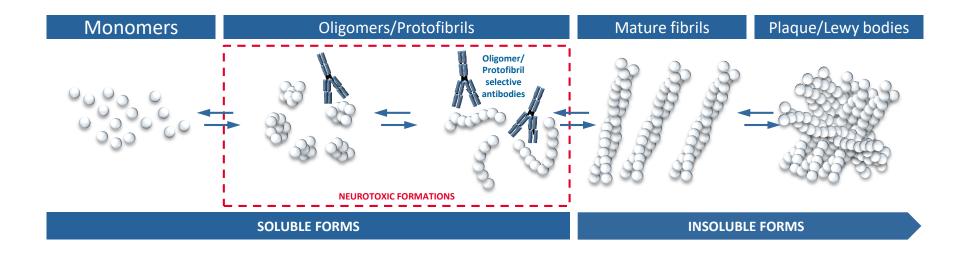
New therapy focus on disease pathogenesis – efforts to delay the neurodegenerative process

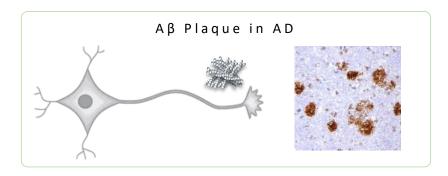


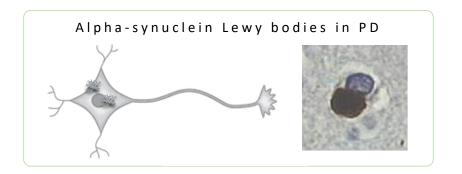
Significant unmet medical need to be addressed by disease modifying agents and reliable diagnostics/biomarkers



Protein Misfolding is Disease Causing in a Number of Neurodegenerative Diseases Including AD and PD





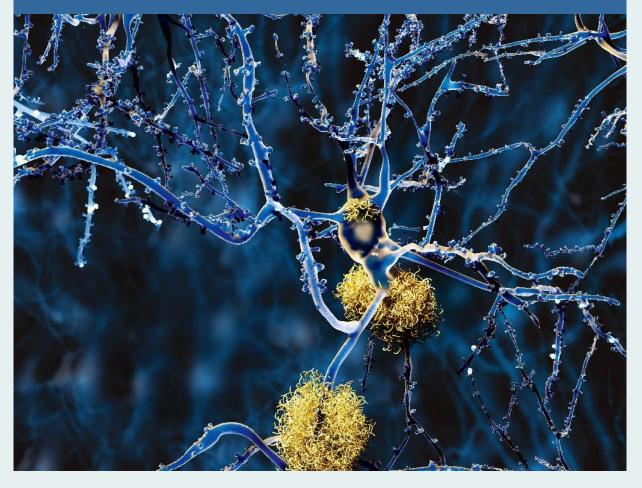


Source: company information.



About Alzheimer's Disease

Neurons with Amyloid Plaques in Alzheimer's Disease



Alzheimer's Disease (AD)

- Irreversible neurodegenerative brain disease of the elderly, which, through the death of brain cells, leads to a progressive decline in memory and cognitive abilities, such as thinking, language, and learning capacity
- 47 million people worldwide suffer from dementia and by 2050 expected to be 130 million. >50 % of dementia diagnosed as AD
- 25 million people worldwide suffer from Alzheimer's disease today and the number is expected to double in 20 years
- Early AD encompass mild AD and MCI due to AD
- Huge market with demand for several products and expected to be used in combination



BAN2401 – Innovative Phase 2b Study Design Positive 18 Month Results Reported

Important parameters

Right target



 Address the soluble protofibrils – a toxic form of amyloid

Right patient population



Double-blind.

placebo

controlled.

parallel-group

study with

Bayesian

adaptive

design

- Early AD MCI due to AD & Mild AD
- Identify right patients biomarkers

Right dose & exposure



- Selecting doses with exposures above preclinical IC50
- Adaptive design testing several doses and dose regimens

Right measurements

- More sensitive cognition scales
- Biomarkers for disease progression and disease modification

Right safety



- Well tolerated with a benign safety profile
- Low risk for amyloid related imaging abnormalities (ARIA) and no expected cardiovascular risk

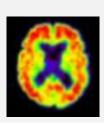
Phase 2b study design

Patient inclusion

Multinational recruitment:

- 100 clinical centers included
- Inclusion criteria:MMSE >22-30
- ·Stable concomitant medication
- Positive amyloid PET/CSF





Placebo

2.5 mg/kg twice a month

Treatment 12 months

5 mg/kg once a month

5 mg/kg twice a month

10 mg/kg once a month

10 mg/kg twice a month

Primary analyses:

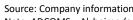
- ∆ from baseline in ADCOMS at 12 months
- Safety and tolerability

Key analyses:

 $\cdot \Delta$ from baseline in ADCOMS, CDR-SB, ADAS-cog at 18 months

Treatment 18 months

- Δ from baseline in brain amyloid as measured by amyloid PET
- ∆ from baseline in CSF biomarker and MRI (total hippocampal volume)
- · Safety and tolerability



BAN2401 Phase 2b Study Demonstrated Positive Results at 18 Months in Early Alzheimer's Disease

- BAN2401 Phase 2b study is the first late stage study demonstrating effects on both cognition and biomarkers
- In the final 18-month analyses of BAN2401 Phase 2b clinical study with 856 early Alzheimer patients BAN2401 demonstrated dose-dependent, clinically meaningful and statistically significant slowing of clinical decline and reduction of amyloid beta accumulated in the brain with a good tolerability profile



BAN2401 Showed Effect on Clinical Parameters and Biomarkers with Good Tolerability in Early AD Patients at the Highest Dose at 18 Months - I

Clinical effect:

- · ADCOMS
- · ADAS-Cog
- ·CDR-SB

- ADCOMS cognition scale (the key efficacy parameter) showed statistically significant slower decline of 30% (p=0.034) with 10 mg/kg twice a month (highest dose)
 - ADCOMS showed effect already at 6 months as well as after 12 and 18 months of treatment
 - Slowing of disease progression observed across sub-groups*
 - The clinical effect increased over time
- **ADAS-Cog** (well-established cognition scale) showed statistically significant slower decline of 47% (p=0.017)
- **CDR-SB** (cognition and function scale) showed slower decline of 26% (p=0.125)



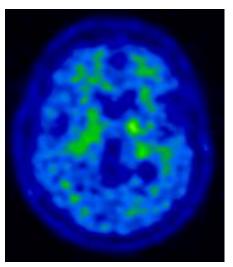
^{*}MCI due to AD – mild AD, ApoE4 carriers – non-carriers, with or without symptomatic treatment

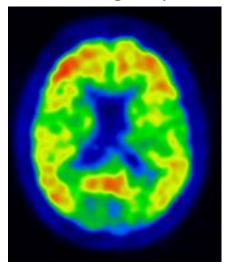
BAN2401 Showed Effect on Clinical Parameters and Biomarkers with Good Tolerability in Early AD Patients at the Highest Dose at 18 Months - II

Biomarkers:

· Amyloid PET

- o **Amyloid PET:** BAN2401 reduced brain amyloid-beta dose-dependent and statistically significant, amyloid decreased \sim 70 units (from 74.5 at baseline to 5.5 at 18 months for the top dose) with Centiloid scale (p<0.0001)
 - Amyloid PET visual read showed dose-dependent and statistically significant improvements and 81% of the patients in the BAN2401 top dose converted from amyloid positive to amyloid negative (p<0.0001)
 - Amyloid PET demonstrated consistent and pronounced reduction of amyloid in the brain across all clinical sub-groups*





Brain images provided by PET-Centre, Uppsala University Hospital, Sweden, showing a normal brain (left) and an Alzheimer brain (right). The images are illustrative examples of PET scans and are not images from the BAN2401 Phase 2b study.

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BAN2401 Showed Effects on Amyloid and CSF Markers of Neurodegeneration Consistent with Impact on Underlying Disease Pathophysiology - III

CSF Biomarkers:

- Abeta
- •t-tau
- p-tau
- neurogranin
- NfL

- Abeta increase shows target engagement
- Neurodegenerative markers show effect of BAN2401 on underlying pathophysiology
 - Reduction in t-tau (downstream tau pathway)
 - Reduction in p-tau (downstream tau pathway)
 - Reduction in neurogranin (synaptic damage)
 - Reduction in increase of Neurofilament Light (NfL) (axonal degeneration)



BAN2401 Showed Effect on Clinical Parameters and Biomarkers with Good Tolerability in Early AD Patients - IV

Safety & tolerability

BAN2401 was well-tolerated with infusion reactions and ARIA as the most common side effects (mostly mild to moderate)

- ARIA-E incidence:
 - <10% at any dose
 - <15% in APOE4 carriers at the highest dose
 - ∼90% of ARIA-E cases were asymptomatic
 - Generally occurred within the first 3 months of treatment

ARIA-E, Alzheimer's Related Imaging Abnormality-Edema



Positive Phase 2b Study Results Support BAN2401 as a Potential Treatment for a Broad Population of Early Alzheimer Patients

BAN2401 Treatment Effect in Early AD

Clinical Outcome Measures

- Slowing of disease progression observed across clinical outcome measures at the highest dose, including 30% on ADCOMS
- Slowing of disease progression observed across sub-groups

Brain Amyloid PET

- Pronounced dose-dependent amyloid clearance across the dose range
- 81% of subjects converted to amyloid negative state
- Consistent and pronounced amyloid clearance across all sub-groups

CFS Biomarkers

- Elevated Abeta demonstrates target engagement
- Impact on AD pathophysiology with benefits on neurodegeneration markers: t-tau, p-tau, neurogranin and NfL

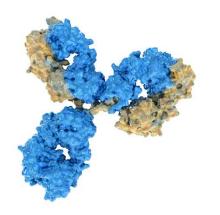
BAN2401 was well tolerated with < 10% ARIA-E at any dose

Selectively targeting Abeta protofibrils with low affinity to monomers confer an advantegous benefit risk profile



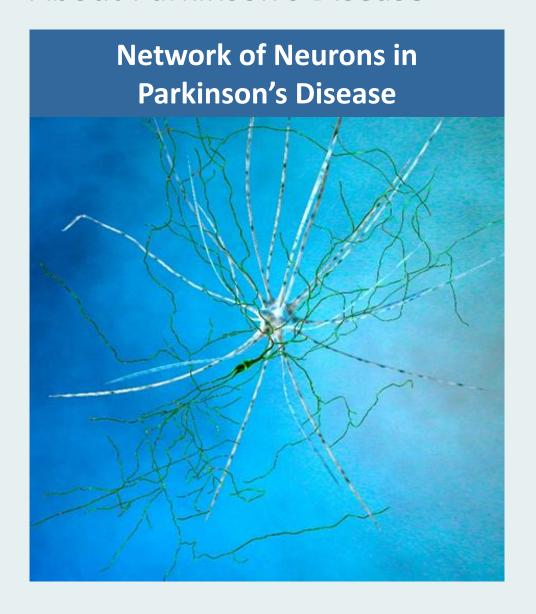
BAN2401 – Next Steps

- Eisai is currently conducting interactions with regulatory agencies regarding the future BAN2401 program
- The study will be completed in Q4 2018 and includes a further 3 months follow-up after completion of 18 months of treatment (at 21 months)
- Open-label extension study with BAN2401, without placebo, for patients from the Phase 2b study will be initiated Q4 2018





About Parkinson's Disease



Parkinson's Disease (PD)

- Tremor is the best-known sign of the disease. The disease develops gradually and can start with tremor in one hand or disturbances in the REM sleep, smell and bowel function.
 The disease often also leads to stiffness and slow movements
- PD is the second most common neurodegenerative disease
- Compared to AD it affects a younger patient group, still at working age
- In 2015 it was estimated that 6.2 million people suffered from PD worldwide
- There is currently no disease modifying treatment for PD



BAN0805 – Groundbreaking Disease Modifying Drug in PD with Rationale for Selective Targeting of Alpha-synuclein Oligomers/Protofibrils

Rationale for targeting alpha-synuclein

Human genetics

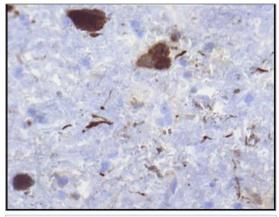
Pathology

Pre-clinical proof of concept



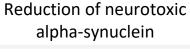
Alpha-synuclein mutations

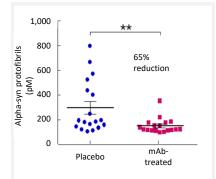
lead to PD or Dementia with Lewy Bodies and are associated with increased oligomer/ protofibril formation



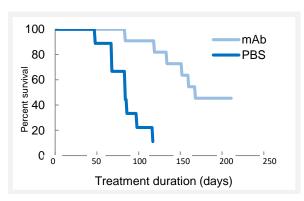
Alpha-synuclein deposition

is a hallmark of PD pathophysiology and alpha-synuclein oligomers/protofibrils are elevated in PD





Increases lifespan



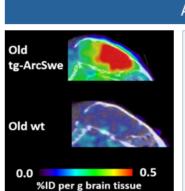
Oligomer/protofibril selective antibody

reduces neurotoxic alpha-synuclein oligomer/protofibril levels, delays disease progression and increases lifespan in a PD mice model



Several Novel Approaches to Improve Diagnostics and Treatment

Imaging and biochemical biomarkers in AD



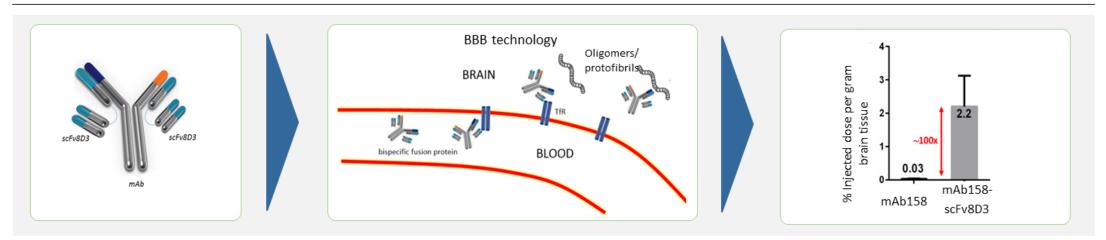
Aβ protofibril PET tracer

- PET with an antibody-based ligand
- Binding to Aβ oligomers/protofibrils
- Has short half-life
- Improved BBB penetration



Sensitive biochemical method for AB measurement in development is of great clinical importance

Blood-brain barrier technology



Source: Sehlin et al 2016 Nature Communications. Hultqvist et al 2017, Theranostics

Substantially increased antibody brain uptake by BioArctic's brain shuttle technology



About Complete Spinal Cord Injury

Today there is no effective treatment for complete spinal cord injury



The patients require life-long treatment and care, which means high costs for healthcare systems and societies

Spinal Cord Injuries (SCI)

- A complete spinal cord injury (CSCI) is an injury where the patient can accomplish no voluntary movement or sensory feedback below the injury paralysis
- CSCI causes degeneration of the nerve fibers below the site of the injury as nerve cells do not regenerate
- Patients suffer from other serious symptoms, incl. neuropathic pain, bowel and bladder incontinence, sensory loss, pressure sores, infertility and sexual dysfunction
- Increasing stability, restoring bowel and bladder control, reducing pain or enabling sexual functionality would be a major improvement of the patient's quality of life
- 2.5 million people live with paralysis, 40% CSCI
- More common among younger men, injured in accidents



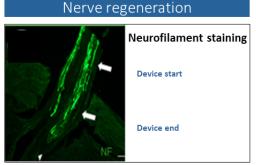
SC0806 – Unique Regenerative Treatment of Complete Spinal Cord Injury

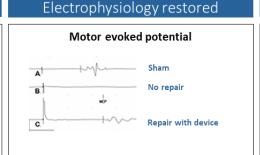
SC0806 – Regenerative Treatment of CSCI

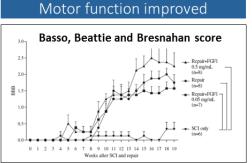


Treatment Rationale

FGF1 activated by heparin • Stimulation of central axon outgrowth • Decreases gliosis Peripheral nerve autografts • Optimal regeneration environment • Provides sustained release of FGF1 • Positioning of nerve grafts from white to gray matter







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Preclinical Proof of Concept shown in rats with resected spinal cords

- Rat experiments demonstrate nerve regeneration, restored electrophysiology and motor function after SC0806 treatment

SC0806 – Unique Regenerative Treatment of Complete SCI

The Lokomat™ used in the Rehabilitation

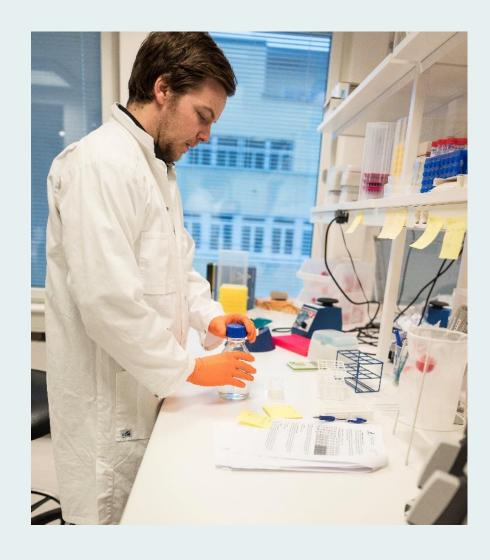


Project Status

- Clinical Phase 1/2 trial ongoing in patients with Complete Spinal Cord Injury
 - Surgery in Sweden
 - Rehabilitation 18 months with Lokomat™ in Sweden,
 Estonia, Finland and Norway
 - Patients receiving SC0806 has an option of 12 months additional participation in an extension study
 - 9 patients included in Panel A (6 treated with SC0806 and 3 control patients)
 - Screening of patients for Panel B ongoing
 - Interim analysis planned Q4 2019/Q1 2020
- Orphan Drug designation in US and EU granting
 7 and 10 years exclusivity, respectively
- EU Horizon 2020 research and innovative program Grant Agreement No. 643853 of MEUR 6.4



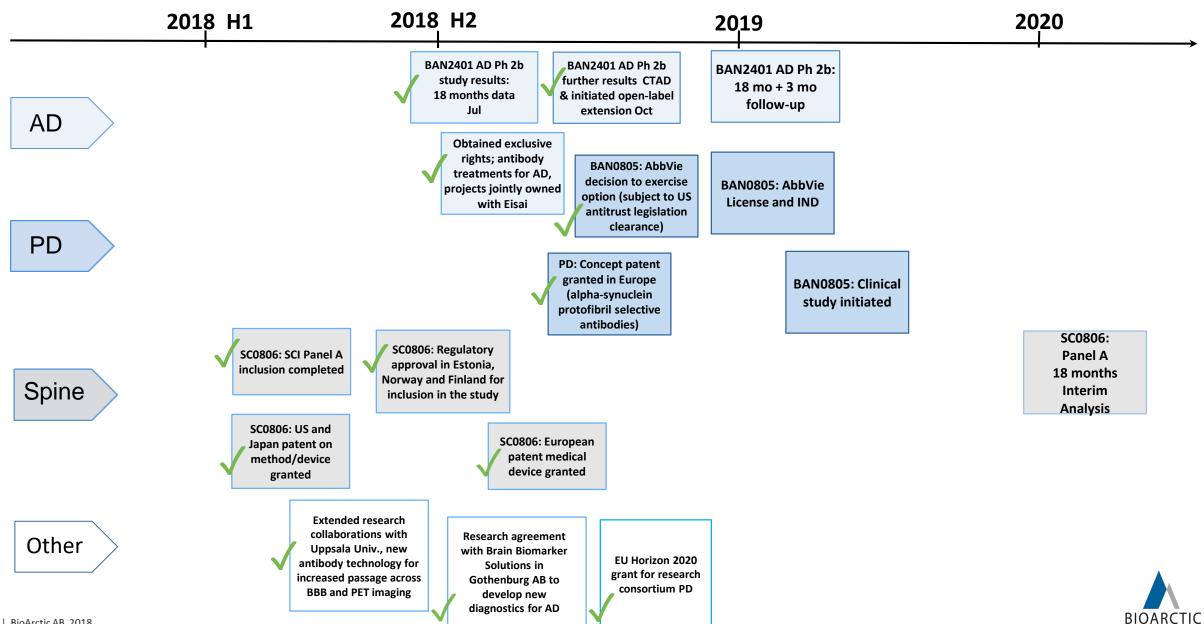
BioArctic has a Great Team and a Strong Financial Position



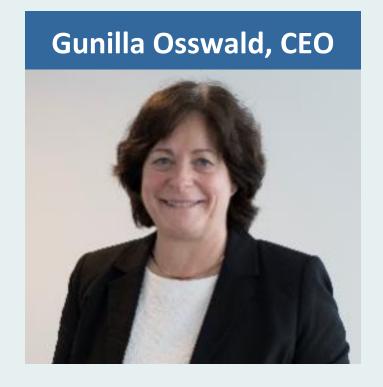
- A dedicated team of highly educated scientists with vast experience delivering with high quality
- Close collaboration with universities
- A successful business-model with research collaborations and license agreements with big pharma – Eisai and AbbVie
- Grants from Vinnova and EU Horizon 2020
- External validation of high quality deliverables
- Positive results last 5 years and all years but 3 since start 15 years ago
- Solid cash position with approx. SEK 1 billion
- Listed on Mid-Cap Nasdaq Stockholm



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- ► IR contact:
 Christina Astrén
 +46 8 695 69 30
 ir@bioarctic.se

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